

Microbiome Biobanking: The missing link

Tanja Kostic, AIT Austrian Institute of Technology

tanja.kostic@ait.ac.at



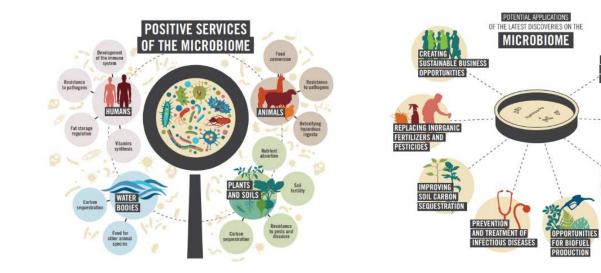
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 101094353

Why microbiomes?



Microbiome-based innovations can address a range of societal challenges and support transition to a sustainable future

- FAO, 2019, <u>http://www.fao.org/3/ca6767en/CA6767EN.pdf</u>
- EC, 2020, <u>https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2777/43279</u>
- d'Hondt et al., 2021, <u>https://doi.org/10.1038/s41564-020-00857-w</u>
- Callens et al., 2022, <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/fsufs.2022.1047765</u>



Microbiome services & potential applications FAO, 2019

The need for microbiome biobanking



R&I

Impact

MicrobiomeSupport aims to see microbiome products & applications in use that support the transition to a future-proof food system in line with FOOD2030 priorities.

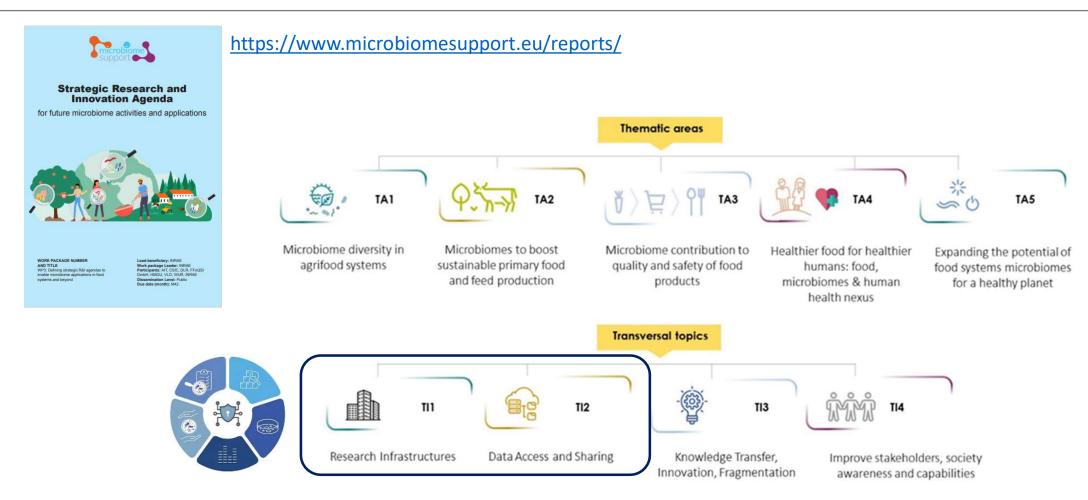


 More insight into the complex interactions between microbiomes, hosts and other biota enabling knowledgebased solutions

- Protection of natural resources, including microbiomes
- International collaboration
- Big data to be used for precision applications (AI)
- Smart microbiome-fit application technologies and approaches
- Realistic expectations
- Regulatory environment tailored to address potential risks of microbiomes but enabling rapid approval
- Microbiome literacy in society and a mindset open for microbiome innovations

The need for microbiome biobanking





Why MICROBE?



"Biobanking infrastructure is fragmented and not prepared for the biobanking of microbiomes."



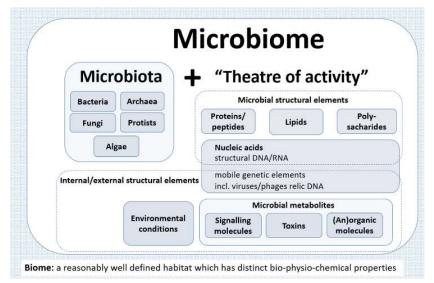
"The biggest technological bottleneck is the development of optimized methodologies for the preservation of microbiomes and for the assessment of preservations' success in terms of maintaining the composition and functionality of microbiomes."

Ryan et al., 2020, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tim.2020.06.009

Key considerations



Complexity of the microbiome



Composition of the term microbiome Berg et al., 2020 https://doi.org/10.1186/s40168-020-00875-0

Biodiversity

- Ecosystem diversity
- Species diversity
- Genetic diversity

Key considerations



What should be preserved?

- Cultured, axenic isolates
- Environmental samples
- Synthetic communities (taxonomic/functional representation of the natural microbiomes)
- gDNA / RNA / protein extracts / metabolic fractions

How can we access it (targeted isolation)?

What is the best way of preserving it?

How to assess compositional and functional integrity?

How to ensure harmonisation and linking of (meta)data with biological sample(s)?

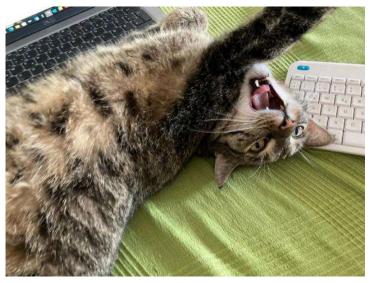
Who should have access to samples and data?

Knowledge gap



"If you try and take a cat apart to see how it works, the first thing you have on your hands is a nonworking cat"

D. Adams





MICROBE's ambition



Deliver innovative validated technological approaches that will enable:

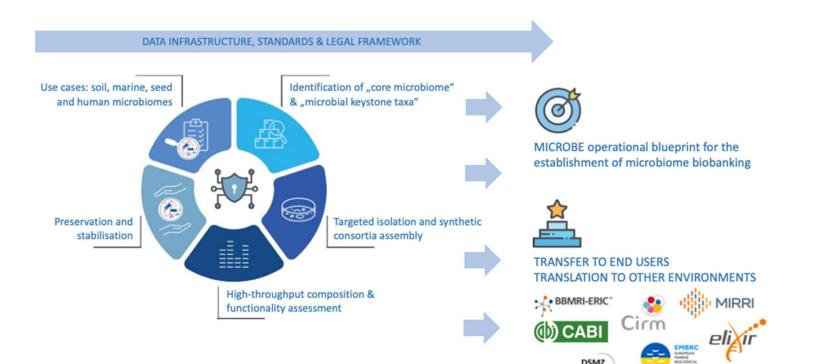
- maximal preservation of taxonomic and functional biodiversity in selected microbiome samples
- optimal collection and preservation of microbiome samples for defined subsequent analyses
- targeted isolation of microbiome members from different domains and assembly of synthetic consortia that retain (and even optimize) the functional diversity of original microbiomes

Provide a comprehensive operational blueprint for the establishment of microbiome biobanking infrastructure

• including technological requirements, methodological workflows, data pipelines, standards, legal and ethical guidelines, training plans and business opportunities

MICROBE approach





MICROBE approach as applied to soil use case

Soil sampling in the scope of the German Biodiversity Exploratories initiative

- Regular sampling campaigns since 2007
- Plethora of data available

Same samples distributed across several laboratories for testing

- Common baseline condition
- High-level of method harmonisation
- Numerous preservation/stabilisation methods tested

Experimental scale

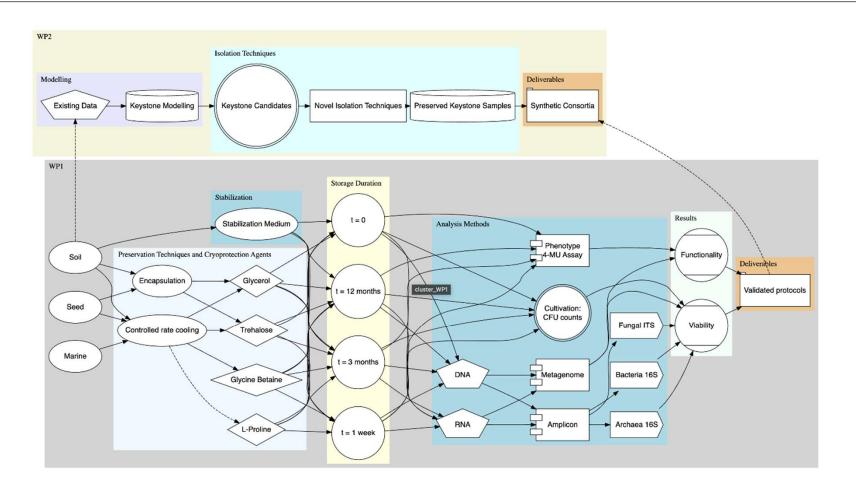
- Start: 2 biological samples (soil pool from two different locations)
- Current: >250 sub-samples (preservation methods, time points) & >2000 datasets (different analytical approaches)





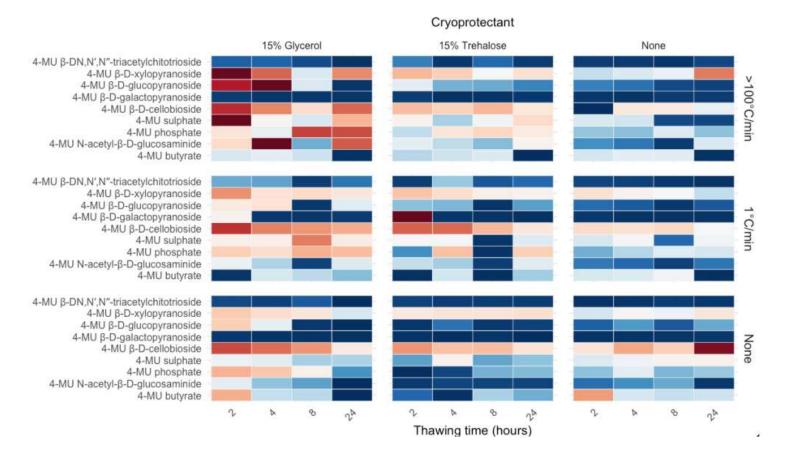


Soil use case: Process overview





Soil use case: Result complexity



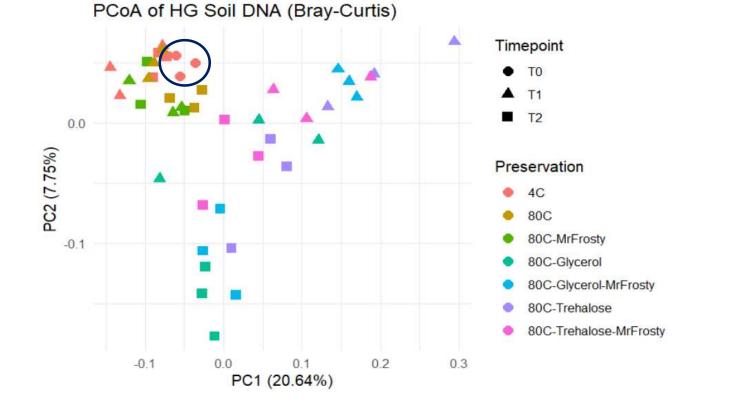
Miguel Bonnin CABI

Soil use case: Result complexity



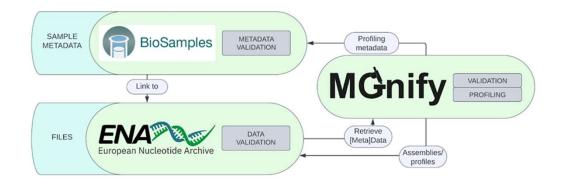






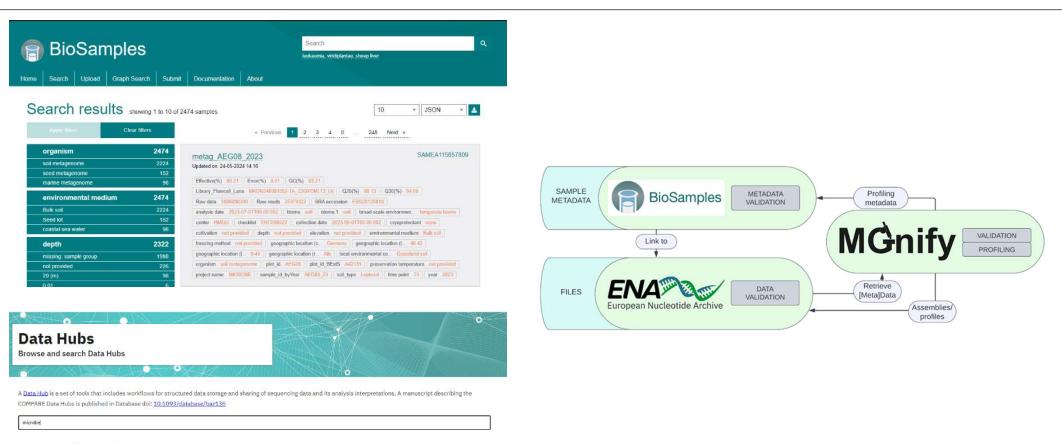
The importance of comprehensive data infrastructure





The importance of comprehensive data infrastructure





Name	Title	Description
------	-------	-------------

MICROBE This databub hosts the sequencing data for the MICROBE consortium and has been set up to enable partners to view and access data generated within the project.

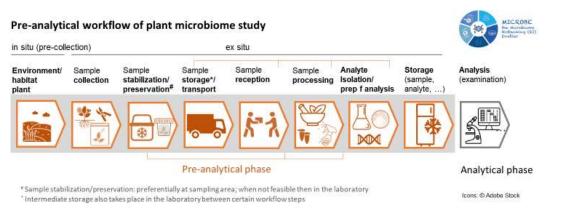
BioSamples		Search leukaemia, viridiplantae, sheep liver		
ome Search Upload Graph	Search Submit	Documentation	About	
Search results s	showing 1 to 10 of 2 ear filters	474 samples	10 ▼ JSON « Previous 1 2 3 4 5 248 Next »	٣
organism soil metagenome	2474 2224	metag_AEG08 Updated on: 24-05-20		15657809
seed metagenome marine metagenome	152 98		Error(%) 0.01 GC(%) 63.21	
environmental medium	2474	land and the second	e MKDN240001552-1A_22GYCMLT3_L6 Q20(%) 98.13 Q30(%) 94.56	
Bulk soil	2224	analysis date 2023	07-01T00:00:00Z biome soil biome.1 soil broad-scale environmen temperate	biome
Seed lot	152	center HMGU c	necklist ERC000022 collection date 2023-05-01T00:00:00Z cryoprotectant none	
coastal sea water	98	cultivation not prov		
depth	2322	freezing method no		
missing: sample group	1988	geographic location	9.49 geographic location (r Alb local environmental co Grassland soil	
not provided	226	organism soil meta	enome plot_id AEG08 plot_id_BExIS A42131 preservation temperature not preservation temperature	ovided
20 (m)	98	project name MICF	OBE sample_id_byYear AEG08_23 soil_type Leptosol time point T1 year	2023
0.01	6			

The importance of the standardisation & metadata



CEN/TS 17626:2021 Molecular in vitro diagnostic examinations -Specifications for pre-examination processes for human specimen -Isolated microbiome DNA







- ⇒ List of requirements/recommendations was elaborated in collaboration with experts from EPSO WG Plants and Microbiome
- \Rightarrow Prioritization survey ongoing

Get in touch...





https://www.youtube.com/watch ?v=sh1XrBLSIYU&t=7s



https://www.microbiomesupport.eu/

THANK YOU!











Med Uni Graz

HelmholtzZentrum münchen

Deutsches Forschungszentrum für Gesundheit und Umwelt





www.microbeproject.eu tanja.kostic@ait.ac.at research & innovation management